

Lt. Governor of the Province of New Brunswick, which has grown out of these occurrences, and is likewise herewith communicated, the former is requested to recall the armed party advanced into the disputed territory for the arrest of trespassers, and is informed that a strength of British troops is to be held in readiness to support and protect the authority and subjects of Great Britain in said territory. To answer to that request the provincial Governor is informed of the determination of the State of Maine to support the land agent and his party, in the performance of their duty, and, the same determination, for the execution of which provision is made by a resolution of the State Legislature, is communicated by the Governor to the General Government.

HERNANDO BANK.

We have this moment received the following letter from Col. SAMUEL, and take great pleasure in laying it before the public; and in order to do so, delay our paper, and crowd out other matter. This is an act of justice to the bank, a matter of importance to the public. The letter is entitled to the most entire confidence.—[Western World.]

HERNANDO MI., March 13, 1839.

Mr. Editor.—A report which has reached us, induces me to offer through your paper these remarks. Some person (I doubt not from malicious feelings) has reported that some gentlemen from Memphis, had applied at the Hernando bank for an exchange on some of its paper, and could get none. It is my duty to contradict flatly that report; no person from any place has ever applied for an exchange on any of the Hernando bank paper, but what have been promptly accommodated, (even on our post notes as well as those on demand,) with the paper of specie paying bank or specie itself; and we are always prepared to do so.— I have heard also that some persons in Memphis try to shave the paper of the Hernando bank, and I feel it my duty to inform those that may not know the fact, that they can get other good paper or specie for it, by riding twenty five miles, the distance from Memphis to Hernando, and should not permit themselves to be shaved.

Thus much I have thought it my duty to say, as the Cashier *pro tem.* of the Hernando Bank.

H. F. SAMUEL *Cashier pro tem.*

DR. DUNCAN, AND ABOLITION.

The following significant proceedings were had on the floor of Congress, immediately subsequent to the delivery of the speech of Dr. Duncan, to which it is attached as a Note Bene:

"After Mr. Duncan had finished the above remarks, Mr. Petrikian moved 'the previous question.' Mr. Stanly begged of Mr. Petrikian that he would withdraw for a moment the motion for the previous question, until he—Mr. S.—could make a remark or two. Mr. Petrikian consented, on condition that Mr. S. would renew the motion; to which Mr. Stanly consented. Mr. Stanly proceeded, and in the commencement of his remarks insinuated that Mr. Duncan was an Abolitionist, and referred to a letter which he had seen and read in the public prints, purporting to be an answer to some interrogatories put to him (Mr. D.) prior to his re-election by the Abolitionists. Mr. Duncan asked to explain. Mr. Stanly gave way. Mr. Duncan said that a few days before the election in Ohio, a number of the members of the Anti-slavery Society in his district propounded sundry questions to him in writing, on the subject of abolition of slaves in the District of Columbia, &c. These questions he had promptly answered; and, in his answers, deprecated slavery in the abstract. He also had deprecated modern Abolitionism as mistaken philanthropy, disorganizing in its tendencies, and, in its character, dangerous to the Union. Mr. D. said, that part of his letter in which he deprecated slavery in the abstract, had been published in many of the federal sheets, and had been most basely, unjustly and ungenerously commented upon to his prejudice, and with a view to identify him with Abolitionism; whilst that part of his letter which denounces modern Abolitionism had been carefully kept out of sight. Mr. D. said such base conduct was worthy the persons who would be guilty of it, and of the party who would sustain them in it. Mr. Duncan was proceeding briefly to expose the views he entertained in relation to slavery in the abstract, of modern Abolitionism, and of the right of petition etc., when Mr.

Stanly interrupted him, and said he did not yield the floor to hear a speech if it were to hear an explanation. Mr. Duncan said he would yield the floor, but as the previous question was pending, and as he would have no opportunity to reply, he must first propose the information that he was an Abolitionist, a true falsehood, a foul detraction, whether it dwelt upon the life of the unprincipled ex-minister, or floated on the breeze in the current, palatable, and slanderous federal sheets of the day."

We are highly pleased with the positive manner in which Dr. Duncan repels the foul and slanderous charge of his attachment to the disorganizing spirit of Abolitionism, and presume that all honest men will be satisfied, that the numerous reports that have gone forth on this subject through the federal press are base calumnies. Dr. Duncan's able advocacy of the rights of the people, against an odious conspiracy, has elevated him to a position, in the affections of the Democracy, second to that of no one man in the Republic.—[Balt. Rep.

CHARTER OF THE MISSISSIPPI IMPORTING COMPANY.

An act to incorporate the subscribers to the Grand Gulf and Port Gibson Shipping Company, and for other purposes.

SECTION II. Be it further enacted, That M. F. DeGraffenreid, William N. Gwin, John A. Quitman, Fielding Davis, Jesse Mabry, and T. B. J. Hadley, be appointed commissioners to open books of subscription for the capital stock of the Mississippi Importing Company, in such manner as they or a majority of them shall prescribe, and said commissioners, and such other persons as may hereafter associate themselves with them, be and they are hereby constituted a separate and distinct body politic and corporate, under the name and style of the "Mississippi Importing Company," and by that name and style, they and their successors shall sue and be sued, plead and be impleaded, contract and be contracted with, have and use a common seal, possess and enjoy all the rights, privileges and immunities incident to a body corporate and politic in law or equity, and shall have power to make such by laws, ordinances, rules and regulations, not inconsistent with the laws and constitution of this State and of the United States, as shall be necessary and proper, for the conducting the business and affairs of said Company. That the capital stock of said last mentioned Company shall be one million of dollars to be divided into shares of five thousand dollars each, and to be subscribed for by persons at such times and places, and such manner, and under the superintendence of such persons, as said commissioners, or a majority of them, may designate and appoint. That each subscriber shall at the time of subscribing, pay one fifth of the amount by him, her or it subscribed, in the notes of specie paying banks or in specie, or shall execute and deliver his, her or their promissory note or notes, with two or more good and sufficient securities, to be approved of by said commissioners, negotiable and payable in some one of the specie paying banks in this State, or in the State of Louisiana, payable at such time or times, within ten months from the date thereof, as said commissioners may designate, and the remaining four fifths so subscribed, to be paid in cash at the time of subscribing, or to be secured by the person subscribing the same, by him, her or they executing their note or bond, payable on demand to the order of the President of said company, and secured by a mortgage on real estate, or by the transfer of the stock of some specie paying incorporated Bank, the sufficiency of which security to be adjudged of, and approved by said commissioners, or the directory of said company and their successors, who shall at all times have power to demand new and additional security, if they deem that given insufficient, all of which notes or bonds thus secured, shall bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, after payment of the same shall be demanded, and they together with the real estate or stocks so mortgaged and transferred, shall be held by said company, and bound for the contracts and liabilities thereof, until they shall be paid and discharged. That in addition to the above securities, each subscriber or holder of stock, shall be held liable for such amount of his subscription or stock held by him, her, or

director, and in the event there shall be no Director, then by five or more stockholders, that the corporate powers of this company shall continue until the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty. That it shall be the duty of the President of said company, to see that each bond and mortgage given as security for stock, shall be properly taken and recorded, and after the stock shall be taken and secured the President shall have made out a complete list of all subscribers, together with the amount of stock subscribed by each, the amount in cash paid in by each, and a description of the securities given by each, and have the same recorded in the office of the Probate Court at Natchez and Vicksburg, and some office of record in New Orleans.

Sec. Be it further enacted, That this act shall take effect from and after the passage thereof.

JOHN W. KING,

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

A. L. BINGAMAN,

President of the Senate.

APPROVED February 12th.

A. G. McNUTT.

ROBERT JOSELYN, of Lafayette.

In noticing yesterday a few of the democrats who nobly battled against the corruption which disgraced the last legislature of this state, we omitted to mention the name of one of the most conspicuous—we allude to Robert Josselyn of Lafayette county; his talents are of a high order and entitle him to the respect and consideration of his constituents; but the manly and independent manner in which he resisted the strides of Bank thieves entitle him to the gratitude of the new counties, of his party, and of every honest man in the state.

Vicksburg Sentinel.

ELOQUENCE IN THE HOUSE OF DELEGATES.—The Editor of the Annapolis Republican says that while engaged in writing notes of the debate in the House of Delegates the other day, it occurred to him all of a sudden, a few minutes before 3 o'clock, that a note of another kind was to be paid. He snatched up his hat, and had reached the lobby, when the eloquent gentleman who occupied the floor remarked:—"Sorry I am, Mr Speaker, to see the stenographer leaving the Hall, for some of my vast flights will be lost forever." Such an appeal—done in the manner of the orator, was altogether irresistible. A burst of acclamation rang round the hall; the Editor in a moment more was in his seat again, the Bank closed and the note laid over. He thinks the speaker ought to pay the cost of the protest.—[Baltimore Transcript.]

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

The State of Mississippi, Circuit Court, May Panola County, Term.

Henry Laird & others.

Attachment \$262,50.

Robert Coyle.

WHEREAS the Sheriff of Panola county has returned into the clerks office, the above attachment duly executed. These are to notify the defendant of the pendency of the suit and that unless the said defendant shall appear before the Circuit Court of Panola county, at the Court house in the town of Panola, on the first Monday of May next, give special bail or plead, judgment will be entered, and the Estate so attached will be sold.

DAVID BOYD, Clerk.

March 6, 1839.—No. 37—6-w.—Prs. fee, \$7.

MONEY FOUND.

I found in possession of my Cook woman a sum of money which I think belongs to some other person. The owner can get it by applying, describing the same and paying for this advertisement.

JOHN KILLOUGH,

13 miles South of Holly Springs.

March, 15, 1839 3t

TOTTON & GREER

Attorneys at Law.

Holly Springs Mississippi.

G. A. NAVILLE LEWIS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Besides at Holly Springs, Marshall Co., Mississippi.

February 18, 1838.

Notice.

WHEREAS Wm. E. Williams and Charles A. Hutcherson have been qualified as Administrators of James Small deceased. All persons indebted to said estate, are requested to come forward and make immediate payment; and all those having claims against said estate, to bring them forward, properly authenticated, as the law directs.

WILLIAM E. WILLIAMS, Attorney.

CHARLES A. HUTCHERSON, Attorney.

February 2, 1838. \$1 pr. sec. Adol.